

# ROCHESTER GAZETTE.

Published by Augustine G. Dabny, at his Printing Office in Rochester, Genesee County, State of New-York.

No. 11. Vol. V.]

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY, 6, 1821.

[WHOLE No. 222.]

## TERMS OF THE ROCHESTER GAZETTE.

To subscribers who receive their papers by mail, the price will be Two Dollars per annum, payable in advance. To village subscribers, and those who call for their papers, Two Dollars, pay-able at the end of six months. To companies of ten, or more, who re-ceive their papers at the Office, One Dollar and Fifty Cents. Subscriptions for less than a year, to be paid in advance. Paper will be discontinued till all ar-ranges are paid.

TEEMS OF ADVERTISING.  
Solemn Notice, 30 cents for the first, and 15 cts. for every subsequent insertion of 72 words.

Advertisements not exceeding a square, conspicuously inserted three weeks, for One Dollar; & Twenty Five-Cents for every subsequent insertion.

PRINTING.  
Pamphlets, Books, Handbills, Cards &c. executed with neatness and accuracy.

## BANK NOTE-EXCHANGE.

New-York City banks—Albany—Troy—Lansingburgh and Schenectady	par
Notes of all other banks payable at either of the city banks	do
Newburg bank, old emis-sion	do
Do. do. filled with red ink	1-2 dis
Do. Branch at Ithaca	1 dis
Adorn Bank	3-4 dis
Aqueduct at Catskill	1 dis
Barker's Exchange, paya-ble in N. York	87 1-2 dis
Catskill Bank	1-2 dis
Central Bank at Cherry-Valley	3-4 dis
Chenango Bank	2 dis
Columbia Bank, at Hudson	1-2 dis
Geneva Bank	3-4 dis
Hudson Bank	90 dis
Jefferson County Bank	40 dis
Middle District Bank	1-2 dis
Niagara Bank	85 dis
Ontario Bank	5-4 dis
Orange County Bank	1-2 dis
Pittsburgh Bank	1 1-4 dis
Utica bank and branch	3-4dis
Washington and Warren Bank	60 dis
Notes of the Bank of Mon-treal, not payable in the city	5 dis
New-Hampshire banks 2 1-2 per cent. dis.	
New-Jersey banks at par, except the state banks at Trenton and Camden the Mount Holy and Cumberland banks, which are at 4 a 5 per cent. dis	
Bank of Canada	2 dis
Bank of Upper Canada	7 dis
Connecticut banks payable in New-York	all other at 1 per cent. dis.
Boston banks at 1 per cent. and Mas-sachusetts generally from 1 to 2 1-2 per cent. dis.	

## National Work. PROPOSALS.

By Joseph M. Sanderson of Philadelphia. For publishing by subscription, A BIOGRAPHY OF THE SIGNERS TO THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE embellished with upwards of 50 portraits and the Declaration itself, with fac-simile engravings of the signatures.—By John Sanderson.

## TO THE PUBLIC.

When we consider the personal qualities of the statesmen, who were associated in the first Congress of the United States, and whose names are affixed to the Declaration of Independence, the precious occasion which demanded the exercise of their wisdom and deliberation, and the influence of their councils on the interests of mankind, we must acknowledge that very rarely a more imposing and magnificent spectacle has been exhibited to the world, and we will seek in vain, in the annals of nations, for an event more worthy of commemoration, or of being recorded forever in the hearts of a grateful and generous people.—The hero of our independence is interwoven with the frame and constitution of the human mind. It is almost his last sentiment that animates the infant's features in the cradle; and among all the actions and enterprises of his life, none has awakened into activity a greater exertion of the various energies of his nature, than has created a greater amount of veneration, and has made important changes upon our gratitude, than his resistance to tyranny and oppression.

In those republican states, which have secured the admiration of the world, the first cause of genius was paid to the patriot who was the first to open the eyes of the people, and to obtain the independence of his country. The animated canvas, the picture of his life, and the historical inscrip-

tion of his name and achievements in the imperishable records of fame. It would indeed be no favorable presage of the perpetuity of our republican institutions, to discover an insensibility to the obligations we owe the memory of the illustrious patrons of American freedom. They advanced us by their magnanimity from the inglorious state of colonial subjection and from the arbitrary dominion of a foreign power, to the distinguished elevation of a sovereign and independent people; they asserted and maintained the imprescriptible rights of humanity by the "mutual pledge of their lives their fortunes and their sacred honor;" & as long as Virtue holds her empire in the hearts of their successors, the example of these generous benefactors will not be lost to the world, their names will not pass away nor be forgotten, or their glorious deeds be confounded in the common and casual transactions of life. Ingratitude is a vice that is national as well as individual, indicates the fast degree of degeneracy and corruption. It is a vice that implies the absence of every virtue; it was in the age of Algolia that the name of Scipio was proscribed, and the statue of Brutus brought death on its possessor. "The glory of our ancestors is the light of posterity," and the homage of the living cannot be offered to the illustrious dead with an effectual or sterile admiration.—Great and splendid actions will seldom be achieved by men who have humble or ordinary objects in prospect. It is by contemplating the lives and characters of those who are marked out from the multitude by their eminent qualities that we become emulous of their virtues and their renown. It is by reading the history of their generous and noble actions that sympathetic emotions are excited in the heart, and by a reiteration of such feelings, grandeur of sentiment, dignity and elevation of character, & habits of virtue are generated & confirmed. Leucurus clad in armor the statues of the gods, that even in their devotions the citizens of Sparta might have the image of war before their eyes; observing well that a disposition of the mind, like a limb of the body was invigorated by exercise and activity. "He interwove" says Plutarch, "the praise of virtue and the enjoyment of vice in all their pursuits and recreations; and by these arts they were possessed with a thirst of honor, an enthusiasm bordering on insanity, and had not a wish but for their country." The trophies of Miltiades interrupted the sleep of Themistocles, and Theseus in listening to the exploits of Hercules was fired with his spirit and became the successful rival of his fame. The uncultivated savage catches the flame of emulation from the deeds of his ancestors, and hangs his hut with the emblem of his father's valor.

More need not be said to enforce the utility of the publications we have undertaken, and which we now submit to the patronage of our fellow citizens, with the hope, that from the liberality of their encouragement, we shall be able to present it to the public, worthy of their approbation. We must depend for the illustration of many of the characters of our biography, upon the generosity of their surviving relatives and friends, to furnish us with whatever interesting materials may be in their possession for which, with our grateful acknowledgments, we promise a copy of the entire work as a compensation.

## CONDITIONS.

1. The work will be published in numbers or half volumes of 200 pages octavo, and will be completed in ten numbers. It will contain upwards of 50 portraits engraved by Mr. J. B. Congerere, whose style has not been exceeded by any other artist in the United States. Specimens of the paper and printing may be seen at this office.
  2. To the first number will be prefixed an appropriate frontispiece, designated by Mr. Le Seur, and a vignette title to each volume, which, with the portraits and other engravings, will at least be equivalent to the price of subscription.
  3. The first number (now in press) will be published in February next—the remainder in succession as the work will permit, and delivered to subscribers at two dollars and fifty cents per number—payable on delivery.
- Any person procuring ten subscribers and forwarding their names to the publisher shall receive a copy of the work or their trouble.

## PROSPECTUS

OF A PERIODICAL MISSIONARY WORK,  
Which is published in the City of N. Y.  
ENTITLED

## The American Missionary Register.

MR. Lewis, late editor of the Commercial Advertiser and New-York Spectator, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that having retired from that establishment, he has commenced the publication of a periodical Missionary work under the title mentioned above. In conducting the work, he will take for his model so far as relates to the precious arrangement of its contents, the superior quality of its paper, and its general appearance, the celebrated Church Missionary Register, printed in London.

The proposed work will embrace the operations of the United Foreign Missionary Society, of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions; of the Board of Missions, under the patronage of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church; of the board of Missions under the care of the Dutch Reformed Synod; of the Protestant Episcopal Church; of the Board of Missions under the care of the Dutch

Reformed Synod; of the Protestant Episcopal Missionary society; of the Methodist Episcopal Missionary Society; of the Baptist Board of Foreign Missions; and of other Missionary Societies in this country. It will also embrace a concise and satisfactory view of the principal Missionary Societies in Great Britain, and on the continent of Europe; of the rise and progress of our own and of other National Bible Societies; and of the exertions of the numerous Institutions, formed for the promulgation of Christian knowledge, and the extension of the Redeemer's Kingdom throughout the world.

It is believed, that a work of this kind, judiciously conducted, cannot but be considered, at present eventful period, as an important desideratum in this country. In London, there are not less than five periodical publications, devoted principally to the Missionary cause of the world.

The situation of Editor, as one of the Secretaries of the United Foreign Missionary Society, and as a member of the Board of Missions established by the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church, together with his extensive correspondence abroad, will afford him many facilities of procuring the earliest Missionary Intelligence from every quarter of the world; and he pledges himself to spare no exertions to render the work both useful and interesting to the christian community, and worthy of a liberal and extensive patronage.

As the work is designed to furnish a correct and impartial record of Christian exertion, without regard to sectarian distinction, the patronage of all religious denominations is respectfully solicited.

## TERMS.

- 1st. The American Missionary Register is printed on fine handsome paper, and in a style of elegance not inferior to the best London periodical works.
- 2d. A number containing 40 large Octavo pages, with double columns, and stitched in colored paper, will be issued on the last day of every month. Twelve numbers, together with a table of contents, and a copious index of names of persons and places, will constitute a volume of about 500 pages. Should the subscription list be sufficient to warrant the expense, each volume will be ornamented and illustrated with occasional plates.
- 3d. The price of the work will be 5 dollars a year—no subscription will be taken for a less term than a year; and every subscriber who shall omit to give notice of his intention to discontinue the work on or before the delivery of the last number of a volume, will be considered as pledged to take the succeeding volume.
- 4th. Every person who shall procure ten subscribers out of this city, and become answerable for the payment, will be entitled to an additional copy. A proportional allowance will be granted for any larger number.

## Useful and Interesting.

## Doct. A. G. HULL'S Lately improved Self-adjusting Patent HINGE TRUSS.

THE superior utility of this Truss, consists in its simple mode of application, as well as the happy effect (of its approximating qualities) of the Rupture Pad; which in its form and operation, differs from all others, inasmuch as it acts on the principle of a double-hinge, presenting its flat border on the outer walls of the aperture only, with its concave part and cushion to its centre; and is by its own power of adjustment and approximating qualities of the rupture pad, supremely calculated, not only to keep the Rupture in its place, without harm to the adjacent parts; but also calculated to, and has in many instances, effected a perfect cure, on persons from 30 to 70 years of age; and even when a cure is hopeless, it will, by approximating those parts on which the Truss Pad is applied, actually lessen the dimensions of the rupture opening, instead of enlarging it, as is the great fault with the convex or round formed pads, mechanically, though erroneously designed to press into its opening.

In evidence of the superiority of this Truss, there are deposited at the several places of sale, Certificates, more than verifying all that the Patentee has said of its excellence. Among the number, is a certificate from the Medical Society of the state of New-York.

The following communications, in addition to those heretofore published, are submitted.

Certificate from Nathan Smith, M. D. C. S. M. S. Lond. Professor of the Theory and Practice of Physic, Surgery and Obstetrics, Yale College.

It will be certified, that I have examined Dr. A. G. HULL'S Self-Adjusting, Patent Hinge Truss, and have applied it in several cases of hernia. From my knowledge of the principles on which it acts, and from its effects, I do not hesitate to give it a decided preference to any thing of the kind I have ever seen.

NATHAN SMITH,

Prof. of Physic & Surgery, Y. College.  
Copy of a letter from Mason F. Cogswell, M. D. to the Patentee.

Hartford, July 23, 1819.

Doctor Hull—Sir—IT is with real satisfaction I comply with your request, in giving my opinion of your improved Trusses. The simplicity of their construction, the facility with which they may be applied, and their perfect adaptation to all the variety of cases which may occur, render them far superior to any thing of the kind I have ever seen. I have witnessed their efficacy in

a variety of instances, and do not hesitate to recommend them, in the strongest terms, to public use and patronage.

MASON F. COGSWELL.

Extract of a letter from Doct. J. B. Whitridge, M. D. fellow of the R. I. Medical Society, member of the Medical Society of South-Carolina and corresponding member of the Physico-Medical Society of N. Y. dated Charleston, (S. C.) Jan. 8, 1820.

Dear Sir—I have attentively examined, and several times applied, your self-adjusting, patent hinge Truss. I am much pleased with the improvement, and do not hesitate to say, that I consider it superior to any thing of the kind which has hitherto come within the sphere of my observation. I shall be happy to further your views, in extending the utility of the improved instrument, by recommending it to the unfortunate, or in any way which I can best promote the interest and welfare of mankind.

Very respectfully yours, &c.

J. B. WHITRIDGE.

Copy of a letter from Samuel R. Marshall, Hospital Surgeon, United States Navy, New-York, to F. Le Baron, Esq. Apothecary General, United States Army.

Dear Sir, THIS will be handed you by Doctor Hull, the inventor of a Truss, that promises to be extremely useful in every species of hernia. It is in my opinion so far superior to all the Trusses hitherto used, that I have determined to make use of them in all of the U. States ships, which may be fitted out at this port. As a production of American ingenuity, it is entitled to a fair trial; and I am persuaded you will take pleasure in affording it that justice by employing it in the army.

With great respect and esteem,  
I am, dear sir, truly  
your obedient servant,  
SAMUEL R. MARSHALL.

F. Le Baron, Esq.

New-York, June 24, 1819.

DOCTOR HULL particularly invites the attention of females, to an Umbilical truss, which he has recently invented & adapted to ruptures at, or about the navel. Females and children being more commonly subject to navel ruptures, these Trusses are heretofore to them of great importance and comfort; being worn with perfect ease & effect, and without the aid of straps and bandages, so distressingly inconvenient in those formerly used.

The almost universal neglect of parents, in regard to children afflicted with ruptures, is really melancholy, as the unfortunate child, in growing up to manhood, is liable to linger out a painful existence, or be hastened to an untimely grave. But parents may now learn, that by a timely use of Doctor Hull's Truss and Rupture Plaster, a perfect cure may be expected in all cases of ruptured children, from the earliest period to the age of fifteen years; and most generally in less than ten months.

AMOS G. HULL.

Utica, July 6, 1819.

P. S. The above Trusses are to be had at the Druggist Store of Caleb Hammond.  
Rochester, Jan. 9, 1821. 9tf.

## NEW SCHOOL BOOK.

JUST PUBLISHED

And for sale by J. D. Bemis, & co

THE BRIEF REMARKER on the  
WAYS OF MAN: Compendious  
Dissertations, respecting social and domestic relations and concerns, and the various Economy of Life; designed for, and adapted to the use of American Academies and common Schools. By EZRA SAMPSON.

"The spacious West,  
"And all the teeming regions of the South,  
"Hold not a quarry to the curious light  
"Of knowledge, half so tempting or so fair,  
"As MAN to MAN." AKENSIDE.

"Those Authors are to be read at School, that supply most axioms of prudence, most principles of moral truth, and most materials for conversation."  
JOHNSON.

Price of the school edition of the above book, 75 cents. A few hundred are printed on finer paper, and in better binding, for families, price one dollar.

## RECOMMENDATIONS.

Extract from "Instructions for the better government and organization of Common Schools" published by the Superintendent, December, 1819.

"The Brief Remarker is a recent publication, which probably has not yet been introduced, as a reading book, into many of our schools. It is a collection of original essays, on the social and domestic relations and the various economy of life." Its leading object is to convey, in a familiar and easy style, the most plain and practical instructions on the common concerns of common life. Whoever is familiar with the essays of our best authors on the same subjects will find in this book, what will at least,

remind him of their peculiar excellence; he will find the same common sense dressed in the same simple, chaste garb and the same original and striking views on the most common and familiar subjects. The book is addressed to the common sense of mankind, in the most simple, unaffected, yet irresistible manner. It is replete with the most pertinent and striking remarks on the daily concerns of common life; and it contains a fund of moral instruction, which for real substantial value, is not surpassed by any production of a similar kind and equal magnitude. Such a book has long been wanted for the use of common schools, and since it has been obtained, from a hand so competent to produce whatever is most useful and excellent in such productions, it is hoped it will be introduced into general use, as a reading book for schools; and it is not doubted, that, when it shall become generally known, its intrinsic merits will satisfy the public of the justice of the recommendation now given. As the book was not originally designed for the use of schools, it may, in order to render it more suitable for a school book, require considerable modification; and it is understood, that the author is about to revise and correct it, with a particular view to the new character it is about to assume."

Since the above recommendation was published by me, the following new and revised edition of "The Brief Remarker," has been submitted for my examination: I have accordingly examined it with care, and had the satisfaction to find it well adapted, in its present improved form, for the use of Schools. I am happy in availing myself of another opportunity to express my decided approbation of "The Brief Remarker," and to recommend it as among the best reading books for the use of Common Schools.

G. HAWLEY.

Superintendent of Common Schools.

Albany, August, 1820.

At a meeting of the Regents of the University of the State of New-York, held in the Senate Chamber at the Capitol in the city of Albany, February 2d 1820.

It was resolved, on motion of Mr. Jenkins, that the Secretary be directed to procure two hundred copies of "The Brief Remarker," by Ezra Sampson, and that he draw on the treasurer for the cost thereof, not exceeding one dollar for each volume neatly bound any lettered, and that four copies be distributed to each of the incorporated academies in the State as a part of the annual distribution to be made for the present year.

I certify the foregoing to be a true extract from the minutes of the Regents of the University at a meeting held by them on the 2d February, 1820.

GIDEON HAWLEY.

Sec'y of the Regents of the University.

DEFAULT Having been made in the payment of a certain sum of money & the interest thereon secured by indenture of mortgage executed by Jedediah Safford and Mahala, his wife, to Andrew V. T. Leavitt and Charles J. Hill, bearing date the thirty first day of August A. D. one thousand eight hundred and nineteen,—Notice is therefore hereby given that by virtue of a power in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to a statute in such case made and provided—

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the town of Gates, in the county of Genesee and state of New-York, and in that part of the village of Rochester formerly called Frankfort, which piece or parcel of land is known and distinguished on a map of Frankfort aforesaid, made by Benjamin Wright, as lot number ninety seven, being sixty six feet front and rear, and two hundred feet deep, will be sold at public auction at the house now kept by A. Ensworth and Son in the village of Rochester aforesaid on the eighth day of March next at one o'clock in the afternoon. DATED September 4, 1820

ANDREW V. T. LEAVITT.  
CHARLES J. HILL.

By Enos Pomeroy, their Att'y.

By order of Moses Hayden, Esq. a Judge of the Court of Common Pleas in and for the County of Genesee, Counsellor &c.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the creditors of Henry Draper, of the town of Gates, in said county, an insolvent debtor, to show cause if any they have before the said judge at his dwelling house in the town of York, in said county on the thirtieth day of March next at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, why an assignment of the said insolvent's estate, should not be made for the benefit of all his creditors, and he be discharged pursuant to the act entitled "an act for giving relief in cases of insolvency," and the act amending the same. DATED December 11, 1820.

HENRY DRAPER, Insolvent.

## CASH FOR WHEAT.

THE Subscribers will pay Cash for Wheat delivered at their Mills in Clyde.

STRONG & ALBRIGHT.

Clyde, Sept. 8, 1820. 54th

CASH PAID FOR RAOS



CONGRESS.  
IN THE SENATE.

January 23.  
BANKRUPT BILL.

The Senate, according to the order of the day took up the bill to establish a uniform system of Bankruptcy.  
After discussing and negating successive motions to postpone the consideration of the bill—first to Monday, next to Friday, and lastly to Thursday—the reading of the bill proceeded, which, from its great length, occupied much time. When the reading was finished, the bill was, on the motion of Mr. Van Dyke, postponed to, and made the order of the day for Tuesday next.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

REDUCTION OF THE ARMY.

The engrossed bill for the reduction of the Military Peace Establishment was read a third time.  
Mr. Simkins rose, and spoke against the passage of the bill, and in reply to the gentlemen who had supported it.  
Mr. Floyd made a few explanatory remarks.  
Mr. Smith, of Md. assigned the reasons why he should vote against the bill though not opposed to a proper reduction of the military establishment.  
Mr. Eustis replied to Mr. Smith, and defended the bill in regard to some of its details.  
Mr. Nelson, of Va. opposed the bill in toto, in its objects and its details, as contrary to the public interest.  
Mr. Rich briefly assigned the reasons why he should vote for the bill.  
Mr. Clay stated the reasons why he thought the interest of the country called for the passage of the bill.  
The question on the passage of the bill was then taken, by Yeas and Nays, and decided in the affirmative—109 to 43; and it was sent to the Senate for concurrence.  
The engrossed bill to continue in force the act to provide for soldiers disabled by known wounds in the Revolutionary war, was read a third time, passed, and returned to the Senate.  
COM. PERRY'S FAMILY.  
The house then resolved itself into a committee of the whole, Mr. Foot in the chair, on the bill reported at the last session of Congress, for the relief of the family of Oliver Hazard Perry, and to provide for the education of his children at the public expense.  
The bill having been read through—On motion of Mr. Randolph, who declined occupying the time of the house by speaking on the subject, the blanks in the bill were filled, so as to make the proposed allowance to be 330 dollars per annum for the mother of the late Commodore Perry, 400 dollars for his widow (during life or till intermarriage,) and 150 dollars for each of the children until they arrive at 21 years of age. The whole amount proposed to be annually appropriated being 1,380 dollars, the estimated amount of half the pay which Commodore Perry, whilst living, would have enjoyed whilst on separate command.  
Mr. Hardin moved to strike out all the bill except the enacting clause, and insert in lieu thereof a provision allowing to the family of Commodore Perry half pay for the term of five years, being, Mr. H. said, the amount which they would have received had Commodore Perry fallen in battle.  
On this motion there arose a short debate.  
The motion of Mr. Hardin was negated, on a division, by apparently a large majority.  
The committee then rose and reported the bill.  
The House having concurred in filling the blanks as reported from the committee—  
Mr. Hardin renewed the motion he had made in committee of the whole, and demanded the Yeas and Nays on it.  
The Yeas and Nays being taken there were  
For the amendment 62  
Against it 82  
So it was not agreed to.  
Mr. Clay, though decidedly in favour of the object of the bill, objected to that part of it proposing an allowance of 330 dollars per annum, during life, to the mother of the deceased; and, on his motion, that part was stricken out.  
Mr. Randolph moved a reconsideration of the allowance of 400 dollars per annum to the widow of Commodore Perry, with a view to make it 750, by adding to it the 330 just stricken out; so that the amount to the family should be the same though the distribution would be different.  
The motion of Mr. R. was negated by a vote of 69 to 22.  
On the question for ordering the bill to be engrossed for a third reading, the Yeas and Nays being demanded by Mr. Brush, there were  
For the bill 76  
Against it 62  
So the bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time to-morrow.  
The legislature of Missouri has laid tax of one dollar on every barrel above 25 years of age. The Richmond Enquirer asks, "had we not better pass a

law to make people fall in love; live upon one dish—or wear clothes of a particular texture?"

THE GAZETTE.  
BY A. G. DAUBY.

TUESDAY FEBRUARY 6, 1821.

County of Monroe.—The bill for the new county has passed to a second reading in the assembly, and will pass, without a question.

Mr. Clinton.—A small part of the contents of the Green-bag produced by his Excellency, will be found in our columns this week, together with an affidavit showing, in a very clear light, the confidence to be reposed in the Governor's testimony. It is difficult to say, perhaps, who is most abused by this official message, Mr. Clinton, or the people.—We are inclined however to feel most compassion for the former, since the weakness of his production, tho' calculated to do much mischief, must render it comparatively harmless in its evil effects upon community. At the same time, we would not be understood as meaning that good may not come even out of this great evil. Mr. Clinton can no longer have the benefit of a disguise. The mask we were going to say is thrown off—but we will say, is torn off. That secret opposition to the general government, in which he and his personal adherents long indulged—secret only because it dare not be open—has now become manifest. No longer have the friends of good government and of their country to cope with enmity which operated only in the hour of silence and darkness, whose noise was only heard in low and hollow grumblings beneath the ground. At length, as if by a sad fatality, as that enmity has become manifest. Now, we know where to direct our attention for the expected blow. There is one man on whom the eyes of all, who feel an interest in the welfare of their country, are turned. How enviable—nay, how damnable, his condition! The centre for the factious and the mischief-making, with all the disturbers of order and good government, to rally round! The nucleus of discord, anarchy and misrule! Strange would it be, might there not be found in all this vast extent of country, some here and some there, with the spirit of faction in them. Happy is it however for the country, that we no great at least, no alarming disposition in the people to restlessness. We see, or think we see, a unity of political sentiment, and a settled strength of opinion upon the subject of our national administration and the manner in which the government is conducted which augurs favourably for the future internal peace and prosperity of the country. Clinton, unenviable object! let him enjoy the seat to which his intrigues have exalted him, for the last time; let him enjoy the poor satisfaction of having spent his best strength in endeavoring to pull down and destroy; and let him have too the mortification of seeing the utter failure of his attempt; let him live, and live he will, till scorn herself shall tire in pointing at his infamy.

[From the Albany Argus.]  
LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS.  
January, 22d, 1821.

Petitions read and referred.—Of the trustees of the female academy in Montgomery-street, Albany praying to be incorporated.—Of Peter Taylor and Horatio Osburn, praying to be authorised to build a toll bridge over the Tonawanda creek, on the road leading from Buffalo to fort Niagara.—Of Samuel A. Gilbert, praying for a contract to manufacture small arms.  
Bills read a third time.—An act to amend an act concerning the New-York firemen insurance company.  
An act for the relief of Ezra Cloyes.  
An act to amend an act relative to the general society of mechanics and tradesmen of the city of New-York—and sent to the Senate for concurrence.  
Reports.—Mr. Verplank, from the committee on colleges, &c. reported on the petition of John Torry, jr. that the petitioner have leave to withdraw his petition.  
Mr. Crolius, from the committee on that part of the Governor's speech which relates to trade and domestic manufactures, reported a bill to continue in force and operation the act entitled "an act relative to incorporations for manufacturing purposes."  
Mr. Hopkins reported a bill to amend the act concerning turnpike roads.  
Mr. Crolius reported in favor of the petition of the Fulton fire insurance company, and brought in a bill accordingly.  
Mr. Spencer, from the committee whom was referred the petition of John

Lucas and sundry others, settlers on the lands lately purchased by this state, of the Stockbridge Indians, reported in favor of the prayer of the petitioners, and brought in a bill.  
R. P. Hart, reported in favor of the petition of the Phoenix bank.  
A message was received from the Gov. communicating a resolution from the Legislature of New-Hampshire against the amendment to the constitution of the U. States, proposed by the state of Pennsylvania.  
A bill was received from the Senate for the erection of a new town from the towns of Fishkill and Beekman, in the county of Dutchess.  
The house proceeded to the consideration of the resolution offered by Mr. Romaine, in the words following:  
Resolved, (if the hon. the Senate concur herein,) That the said message, with the accompanying documents, be referred to a joint committee of the Senate and Assembly to consider and report thereon; and in case of such concurrence, that be appointed a commissioner on the part of this House.  
Mr. J. C. Spencer moved to amend the same by striking out the words "if the hon. the Senate concur herein," and also the word "joint;" and inserting the word select; and also to strike out the words "report thereon."  
The question on the amendment was taken by yeas and nays, and determined in the negative.

January 24th, 1821.  
Petitions read and referred.—Memorial of Theron Norton and others, relating to the manufactory of salt.—Petition of Apollos Stebbins, and others, inhabitants of the counties of Lewis and Jefferson, praying for legislative aid, in building a bridge over Deer river.  
THE GREEN BAG.  
From what has already transpired, it appears that the Green Bag affair, of our dignified governor, bear a strong analogy to those of its prototype of Royal George, in more than one particular. Like that, the charge was made without the previous possession of any thing like legal evidence, and, like that, it is attempted to be supported by falsehood and corruption.  
A retainer of his Excellency, by the name of Ketchum, volunteered a certificate implicating the conduct of Mr. Tillotson, District Attorney, for the Southern District of this state, & which is noticed in the governor's message as a prominent fact, in support of his charge against the general government; this certificate of Mr. Ketchum's turns out to be utterly false.  
The certificate with its refutation follows.  
"I certify and declare, that in a conversation, some time in the month of October or November last, with Major Samuel Cooper, U. S. agent for building fortifications, he said to me, that 2 men were sent from Washington to this state on or about the last election, to oppose the re-election of De Witt Clinton—that they went through the western district of this state, to effect the above object, and that their electioneering expenses were paid at Washington. I then asked him who the two men above alluded to were, to which he replied that he could not, or dare not tell."  
"And I further certify, that Wm. Eaton, who has a Lottery Office in Broadway, declared to me a few days ago, that in April last, he was in the office of Robert Tillotson, Esq. United States District Attorney, and while there he heard the said Tillotson direct a gentleman to go to certain individuals in the western district, and to say to them that any office they wanted in that quarter, which was in the gift of the general government, should be given to them. Upon enquiring of said Eaton who were the names of the persons mentioned by said Tillotson, he replied that he only recollected that of Norton, the man who lately encountered John C. Spencer, in Canandaigua; said Eaton further understood and inferred, from what passed at the time, and now believes that these promises were made by said Tillotson, as the authorised agent of the general government, and that the object was to induce the persons to oppose the election of De Witt Clinton.

ISRAEL KETCHUM.  
New-York, Dec. 30, 1820.  
In a subsequent conversation had with said Eaton, I enquired how it happened that Mr. Tillotson was so free and open before him, to which Eaton replied that Mr. Tillotson knew him to be a bucktail.  
ISRAEL KETCHUM.  
New-York, Jan. 2, 1821.  
City and County of New-York, ss.  
William Eaton, of the city of N. Y. being duly sworn, says, that the certificate of Israel Ketchum, in document X of his excellency Dewitt Clinton's communication to the legislature of this state, on the 18th day of Jan. inst. so far as relates to this deponent, is totally destitute of truth. And further, that Robert Tillotson, Esq. never said, in my presence, or to my knowledge, what is stated in the said certificate of the said Israel Ketchum, and therein represented to have been communicated by me to him; nor did I ever report or make such declarations, as are represented in said certificate; nor had I ever any such conversation with the said Israel Ketchum as stated in his subsequent certificate dated the 22d day of January 1821.

WM. EATON.  
Sworn before me, this 23d of Jan. 1821.  
JESSE HOYT, Notary Public.  
New-York, Jan. 23, 1821.  
Mr. Dwight,  
Among the numerous certificates which accompany the governor's message to the house of Assembly, the 9th inst. on the subject of undue influence in our state elections—I observe one from Israel Ketchum, stating he derived part of the information contained in his certificate from me—To this I take the liberty to declare the whole to be a base fabrication, absolutely false and void of foundation.  
SAML. COOPER.

MARRIED.—On Sunday evening last, by the Rev. Comfort Williams, Mr. Oran Follet, Editor of the Batavia Times, to Miss Nancy Filer, of this place.  
DIED.—In Brighton, on the 2d inst. Mr. Patrick M'Clear.  
In this village on Sunday the 4th inst. Susan, eldest daughter of Mr. Jacob Gould, aged 3 years.

THEY have also on hand  
100 sides eastern sole  
LEATHER.  
ALEXANDER ROOT & Co.  
Rochester Feb. 4, 1821.  
FORMS OF PRAYER.  
JUST published and for sale by E. J. PECK & Co.  
A Sermon  
on forms of Prayer, delivered in St. Luke's Church Rochester on Sunday the 28th Jan. 1821. by the Rev. F. H. Cuming. Price 12 1/2 cents.  
Rochester, Feb. 6, 1821

Strayed or Stolen,  
FROM the subscriber on the 26 ult. a black horse, with a star in his forehead, his mane sheared, and spavin in his right hind leg. Any person returning said horse, or give information where he may be found, shall be generously rewarded.  
ELIJAH LEWIS.  
Brighton, Feb. 6, 1821.

CASH,  
And the highest price paid for  
POT and PEARL  
ASHES, by  
LEAVITT & HILL.  
Rochester, Jan. 30, 1821. t13.

RUFUS BEACH,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW.  
HAS removed his Office to the corner room, over Messrs. Hart & Saxton's Store, in the village of Rochester.  
January 20, 1821. 3w12

FRESH GOODS.  
THE subscriber having opened a STORE in the village of Rochester nearly opposite a Plumb & Co. offers for sale a general assortment of  
DRY-GOODS,  
GROCERIES,  
CROCKERY, &  
GLASS-WARE,  
on as reasonable terms as any in the village. Having lately removed from the town of Rnsh, he returns his former customers thanks for past favours—will continue to receive ASHES at his former stand after the first of March next,—earnestly solicits immediate settlement of all former accounts, and will feel grateful for all favours by the public in his line.  
BENJAMIN CAMPBELL.  
Rochester, Jan. 23, 1821. 120f.

NOTICE.  
APPLICATION will be made at the next session of the Legislature for the exemption of Mechanics' tools from execution—And it is earnestly requested by the mechanics' of this place, that the mechanics' in different parts of the state co-operate, by an expression of their wishes to their representatives from their respective counties.  
BENJAMIN CAMPBELL.  
Rochester, Jan. 23, 1821. 120f.

PLAYING CARDS  
For sale at this Office.

**PORK.**  
THE subscriber continues purchasing PORK in the HOG, and MESS PORK for which cash is paid. S. MELANCTON SMITH.  
Rochester, Jan. 30, 1821. 2w.

Notice.  
THE following described Lots of LAND will be sold at public auction, on Thursday the 22d of February next at the house of John G. Christopher in Rochester, at 2 o'clock P. M. viz.—  
Lots No. 71 and 28, and the undivided part of Lot No. 27 containing  
283 Acres,  
lying in the town of Gates, one half of the money to be paid in hand, and a credit of two years for the other half.—A deed will be given at the time of sale, and a mortgage taken to secure the balance with interest.  
Rochester, Jan. 16, 1821. 11tf.

NOTICE.  
THE Subscriber wants 25 journeymen Coopers for the fall's work or to continue a year. Two industrious boys as Apprentices to the Coopering-Business. Apply at my shop a few rods South of the Red Mill's  
Pork, Whiskey, and Potash barrels, made of the best seasoned stock, on hand which will be sold low for Produce. The work warranted good.  
BENJ. JAMES.  
Rochester, August 8, 1820. 40tf.

WM. PITKIN.  
(NEAR THE BRIDGE,)  
OFFERS the following articles of best quality, at the lowest prices.  
Wines Liguors Sugars, &c.  
Pure and of Superior Quality, viz  
Old Madeira, Port, } Wines  
L. P. Tenerife and }  
Colmenar }  
Cogniac Brandy, Jamaica }  
Spirits, Old Holland Gin, }  
Loaf, Lump, }  
White Havana, } Sugars  
Brown Havana, }  
and Muscovado, }  
Molasses, Coffee, Pepper, }  
Spice, Ginger, Nutmegs, }  
Rice—Teas—Potter—Mace }  
Bitters—Rose-Water—Mustard }  
Tobacco—Snuff—mould }  
Candles, &c. }  
Dye-Woods, and Dye- }  
Stuffs. }  
Logwood, }  
Hatch-Wood, } Ground  
Nicaragua, } in Stick-  
Fustic, }  
Cannaod ground, Allum, }  
Campeach, Madder, Wood, }  
Blue Vitriol, Oil Vitriol, }  
Sanish Flote, Ben- } Indigo  
gal, & Guatimala, }  
Verdegris, Press-Papers, }  
Clothiers Jacks, &c. &c. }  
Paints, Oils, and Glass.

White Lead, }  
Spanish Brown, } Dry and  
Spruce Yellow, } ground  
Yellow Ocher, } in Oil  
Red Lead, Black Lead, }  
Spanish White, Paris White }  
Venetian Red, Stone Yellow }  
Patent Yellow, Kings Yellow }  
Vermilion, Prussian Blue }  
Ivory Black, Lamp Black, }  
Sheet Lead—Gold and Silver }  
Leaf—Paint—Brushes— }  
White-wash Brushes—Sash }  
Tools, }  
Rotten Stone, Pumice Stone, }  
Umber, Glue, Spt. Terpen- }  
tine, &c. &c. }  
Winter & Summer Strained }  
LAMP OIL.  
Olive Oil, and }  
Whale Oil, English }  
Crown WINDOW GLASS }  
A general assortment of }  
CROCKERY, }  
CHINA and }  
GLASS-WARE, }

—ALSO—  
DRUGS & MEDICINES  
Genuine and Fresh at low prices.  
DOMESTIC HERBS, &c. &c. }  
Rochester, Jan. 2, 1820. }

LOOK AT THIS!  
FOR sale, a good two horse WAGON—one span of five HORSES and a set of harness. Enquire of the Printer. Dec. 14, 1820.



NOTICE.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his customers and the public that he has connected himself with John A. Cathcart in the mercantile business, under the firm of Charles & Cathcart. They continue at the old stand one door east of the Post-Office.  
STEPHEN CHARLES.  
Rochester, January 1st 1821.

FRESH GROCERIES,  
Charles & Cathcart,

INFORM the public that they have just received a complete assortment of GROCERIES; consisting of the following articles which they offer low for Cash.

- Jamaica, St. Croix, and New-England RUM.
- Cogniac and Spanish RANDY.
- Holland and Anchor GIN.
- Teneriffe, Madeira, Cherry and Malaga WINES.
- Hyson, Young Hyson and Hyson Skin TEAS.
- Loaf, Lump and Brown SUGARS.
- Molasses, Java Coffee, Pepper and Allspice, Muscatel, Bloom and Surinam RAISINS.
- Figs, Almonds, Almond Pits, Filberts, Pea, and Walnuts, Shad, Codfish and Mackerel, Digby and Massachusetts Herring, Windsor and Bar Soap, Candles, Spanish and American SEGARS.
- Macabau, Rappec and Scotch SNUFF, Plug, Plug-tail and cut Tobacco, Powder, and Shot, Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Rice, Spanish Float Indigo, Stoughton Bitters, Windsor Soap, Slates and Pencils. An assortment of DYE STUFFS and PAINTS, Lead, confectionary, &c. &c. —ALSO— an assortment of JEWELRY consisting of Watches, & Watch Trimmings, Pen and Jack-knives, Combs, Beads, Pins, Buttons, Whips, &c. &c. an assortment of LEATHER, of which are SOAL & UPPER Leather, Calf Skins, Coarse Shoes, Buffalo Robes, Leather Mittens, &c. Whitewash Brushes, Window Glass, nails, Tin Ware, Cordage &c. &c. Also 2,000 Yds. Domestic Shirting.

NEW CASH STORE.

Alexander Root & Co. ARE now opening at their Store one door south of Fraser & Sheldon's Hardware Store, a general assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, and Crockery— which were purchased at Auction in New-York, and will be sold low for Cash, or wholesale or retail—some of which are the following:— Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Sattinets, Flannels, Bombazetta, Shirtings, Ratinetts, Canton Crapes, Lustrings, Calicoes, Shawls, Handkerchiefs, &c. Jamaica, St. Croix, and N. E. RUM, Cogniac Brandy, Holland Gin, Wines, Hyson, & Hyson Skin TEA, Lump & Brown SUGAR, Coffee, Tobacco, Snuff, &c. &c. &c. &c. &c.  
Rochester, Oct. 17th 1820. 50f

CASH paid for RAGS at this Office.

NEW GOODS,

JUST received by the subscriber opposite the Mansion House, a small assortment of Domestic Shirtings and Sattinets, Mens' Fine and Superfine Cravats, Blk. Canton Hand'ks. Thread, Sewing Silk & Twist, Coat and Vest Buttons, Thimbles, Pins, Needles, Hair and Pocket Combs, Hooks & Eyes, &c. &c.—Also on hand a good assortment of Fine & Superfine Blk. Blue, Brown and Olive Broadcloths, Cassimers, Ladies Pelisse Cloths, Bombazetts, Cotton & Silk Shawls, Real Scotch Plaid, Gentlemen's Worsted Drawers, & Lambs Wool Hose Vestings, &c. &c. &c.  
—ALSO— A large quantity of Antigua, St. Croix and Cherry RUM, of the best quality, Holland GIN, Hyson & young Hyson TEAS, Tobacco, Pepper, Spice, Ginger and Indigo. A few barrels Prime Pork, Flour and Whiskey, for sale.

The subscriber is in great want of CASH, and is DETERMINED to sell his goods lower than has ever been offered in this place for ready pay only.  
N. B. All persons indebted to me, either by Note or Book Account, are hereby informed that payment must be made by the first day of February next. The neglect of this call will be at their own expense.  
JOHN HARFORD.  
Rochester, Jan. 9, 1821. 10f.

STOVES, HARD-WARE, CUTLERY &c. &c. SMITH & ALLCOTT HAVE just received at their new Brick Store an extensive assortment of HARD-WARE, DRY-GOODS, GROCERIES, CROCKERY, IRON, STEEL, NAILS, TIN, SHEET-IRON, &c. They also carry on the manufacturing of Tin and Sheet-Iron, all which will be sold at fair prices. CASH paid for FURS.  
Rochester Hardware Store.

STOVES, FRASER & SHELDON HAVE just received an assortment of Iron, Box, Franklin and Sheet-Iron STOVES, Stove-Pipe, &c. &c. 2 Tons Sheet-Iron, assorted. 12 Thermometers. Dutch Bolting Cloths. They have on hand a general assortment of Hard-Ware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Copper, Sheet-Iron and Tin Wares, &c.  
Dec. 13, 1820.

NOTICE. ALL persons who owe me for Papers must make immediate payment.— This No. ends the quarter and the Printers must be paid. Whoever has paid the Printers, must bring forward their receipt, and have a settlement.  
S. B. BARTLETT.  
Dec. 18th, 1820.

NEW STORE, OF DRUGS & MEDICINE. THE subscriber having formed a connexion with Smith & Allcott, in the above line, now offers for sale in a part of their new Brick Store, a general assortment of inspected and warranted Drugs and Medicines, which will be sold as low as at any place west of Albany. He solicits a share of the patronage of Physicians, and the public in general.  
CALEB HAMMOND.  
Rochester, Dec. 5th 1820. 5f

FLAX-SEED WANTED. THE Subscriber will pay the highest price in Cash, or will exchange Salt for Flax-seed, delivered at the Oil Mill in Clyde.  
H. HOOKER.  
Clyde, Sept. 6, 1820. 45f.

FOR SALE Cheap. A SECOND hand Chaise and Harross.  
H. H.

ROCHESTER BOOT AND SHOE STORE

JUST received from Boston and for sale by the subscriber 10 doz. Morocco and Fancy lining Skins, 200 pr. cowhide Boots— which for stock and work, are exceeded by none—Also, an additional supply of excellent coarse Shoes—making such a variety as will suit purchasers, at least, as well, as at any other Store in the state west of Albany.  
The subscriber begs leave gratefully to acknowledge his obligations for past favors, and the same time to inform his customers that he is constantly adding to the number of his workmen, and that of late he has been very successful in procuring good ones—so that he is able to furnish not only durable work, but as much style and taste as can be found in New-York or Boston. He pledges himself to sell quite as low as at any other place in this part of the country.  
JACOB GOULD.  
Carroll-st. Rochester, nearly opposite A. Ensworth & Son's Inn, December 4, 1820.  
N. B. Merchants and others who purchase to sell again, supplied on liberal terms. All failures in work done by the subscriber repaired gratis.

NOTICE. THIS is to inform all persons harboring or trusting my Wife Esther, on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting after this date, as she has quit her home without cause.  
ELAM AUSTIN.  
Pittsford, Dec. 29, 1820.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT. JOHN SHEPHERD OPPOSITE the Post-Office, Buffalo St. RESPECTFULLY INFORMS his friends and the public, that he has commenced the Saddle, Harness, Trunk, and Coach Trimming business, in all its various branches. Also intends keeping on hand a general assortment of HARDWARE and trimmings for Saddlers, SADDLE TREES of all descriptions. All orders in his line, will be promptly attended to. The public patronage is respectfully solicited.  
Rochester, Jan. 1, 1820.

FLAX-SEED. CASH paid for Flaxseed at the Oil Mill at the east end of the Bridge WILLIAM ATKINSON.  
Rochester, Aug. 28. 34f

New Blacksmithing Establishment! COBB & THAYER, HAVING completed their new shop, at the west end of the Bridge, are now ready to accommodate their customers with all kinds of CAST STEEL and other EDGE TOOLS.— Also, all kinds of country work done on the shortest notice in a complete and workmanlike manner.  
Rochester, Dec. 26th 1820. 8f.

CHEAP CASH STORE. LEAVITT & HILL IN the new stone building at the West end of the Bridge, have just received from New-York, a large and well assorted stock of

GOODS, of almost every description, which they are determined to sell for ready pay, sufficiently low to correspond with the present prices of Produce.  
Rochester, Nov. 28th, 1820. 4f

REMOVAL. WM. REYNOLDS. RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Rochester and its vicinity that he has removed to his new shop, one door north of J. G. Christophers Mansion House, where he intends carrying on the Shaving & Hair-Dressing business in all its various branches. He hopes by particular attention to merit & receive a share of public patronage.  
N. B. He keeps constantly on hand for sale Shaving Soap, Pomatum, Court Plaster, Tooth-Brushes, Artificial Curls, Liquid Blacking, Blackball, &c.  
Rochester, Nov. 20th 1820. 3f

FORWARDING. THE subscriber continues the Forwarding Business on the Genesee River, will take property at either of the Landings above Rochester and deliver the same at either of the Landings below;—will also contract for the Forwarding of Merchandise from Albany to any part of this district on reasonable terms.  
S. MELANCTON SMITH.  
Rochester, April 18, 1820. 24f.

DYE STUFF PAINT AND OIL STORE.

S. MELANCTON SMITH KEEPS on hand a constant supply of Dye-Stuffs of all kinds—Paints and Oils, which will be sold very low for Cash. Clothiers are respectfully invited to call. The articles are selected by gentlemen long acquainted with the business and are warranted good.  
—ALSO— Iron, Nails—White and Tarred Rope all sizes. Blocks, Shoe, Whitewash Clothiers and Paint Brushes, Seine and Wrapping Twine, Factory and Tow Cloth, Tobacco, Pipes, Snuff, Powder Lead and Shot, Shaving and Bar Soap, Albany Stone Ware, consisting of a variety of Jugs & Pots. A constant supply of common and basket Salt.—North Carolina Tar and Rosin, by the bbl. or less. A few Cow Bells, from 3 to 4s. each. Salmon of a superior quality by the bbl. or less, which will be exchanged for Produce or Whiskey.—Spermaceti Oil, much used for Wood-Grinding as well as lamps. Confectionary Also, [July 17.] a constant supply of SALT,  
By the hundred barrels, or less, on liberal terms.

Feathers Wanted. A fair price will be paid for a quantity of Feathers. Enquire at this Office. Nov. 14, 1820.  
Rochester, Nov. 7, 1820.

Doctors Elwood & Coleman HAVE removed to their new Brick Office two doors south of the meeting house [Carroll street.] N. B. Those indebted to us either by note or book account must call and settle without delay, as we are determined to have a general settlement before the 25th of November next.  
Rochester, Oct. 23, 1820.

E. PECK & CO, ARE receiving a large addition to their stock of Books & Stationary, which will make their assortment very complete. Library Companies will be supplied on the most favourable terms. Merchants and Schools will be furnished with School Books by the dozen at low prices.  
\*A catalogue of books on hand is now preparing and will be ready for delivery, gratis in the course of the present week.

ALSO FOR SALE. Of a superior quality, Writing, Letter, Printing and Wrapping PAPER, on good terms, for ready pay.  
—ALSO— Beers' Ontario Genesee ALMANACK for the Year of our Lord 1821.  
for sale by the Thousand, Gross, dozen or single at low prices. 3m.

BURRELL REED, TONSOR & FRISSEUR, RETURNS his most grateful acknowledgements to the inhabitants of Rochester and its Vicinity, for the liberal patronage he has received, since first he unlocked his Barberous instruments amongst them, and notwithstanding the opposition he has encountered in the various departments of the Shaving line he still continues, like his great prototype, the immortal Huggins to flourish the Packwood of ascendancy—and begs leave to inform the public that he has lowered his court of fashion, from the pinnacle or which it was erected, to a level with the Beards and Locks of the community, where he is to be found one door South of the new brick Store of Messrs. Smith & Allcott, and where the rich perfume of the genuine Windsor, and the gentle fragrance of his true Balsamic Pomatum will be found alike healthful and delightful—and in his strong desire to promote the interest of the Head department—he is not regardless of that of the Heel, and for this great object has constantly on hand a large supply of the real jet Japan gloss Blacking—He will "seize the fair occasion," to attend the commands of the Ladies at their respective residences.  
Signed and executed at my court of fashion.  
B. REED.  
Rochester, Nov. 28, 1820.

NOTICE is hereby given that James Roseburgh, John Ward, Samuel Stillwell, Daniel H. Fitzhugh, Henry Shepard and their associates, will petition the Legislature of the state of New-York at the next meeting for an act to divide the counties of Ontario, Genesee, Steuben and Allegany, setting off a new county to comprise the towns of Lima, Avon, Genesee, Livonia, Groveland, Freeport, Sparta, and the west part of Springwater in Ontario,—York, Leicester, Perry, and Mount Morris, in Genesee,—the north township of Dansville in Steuben, and the north townships of Osian and Nunda, in Allegany. December 21st, 1820.

Stimulus for the Nose,

OR a CORDIAL for the Olfactory Nerves, being a certain cure for Catarrh and Head-ache, Prepared by J. P. Whitwell, Boston. More than seven years have elapsed since this fashionable and fragrant Ster-natory was first prepared, during which time it has undergone many improvements, and continues to gain ground in public estimation, and there is scarce a town or village in the U. S. where it is unknown. Judges, Lawyers and Divines, when "laboring in their vocation," have acknowledged its refreshing qualities, both to the mind and body; for in all cases of lassitude and ennui, arising from much sitting or speaking, nothing at the time can be so conveniently resorted to, or so more grateful than the "Aromatic Snuff." This snuff is moreover extremely pleasant to people in general. It opens and purges the head, removes drowsiness, and sensibly stimulates the spirits. The Scotch snuff is certainly destitute of fine flavor, and is without any apparent effect except that of injuring the complexion; & the coarse black snuffs, instead of clearing and refreshing the olfactory nerves, serves but to obstruct and deaden them, and in process of time has an evident effect upon the speech. The Aromatic Snuff will certainly cure a Catarrh of recent standing, and most generally relieve a head-ache.—Dr. Waterhouse, in his certificate, which accompanies each bottle, acknowledges this fact, and adds "the articles are also innocent in their quality."

CORN SALVE.—The effect of this composition has been frequently approved. It is acknowledged to be superior to any other remedy for the cure of corns.  
TOOTH-ACHE DROPS.—When any thing short of extracting the tooth will afford relief, this specific will always accomplish it.  
The above articles are for sale at F. F. Backus Druggist Store in this village.  
Rochester, Oct. 23, 1820. 51 ly.

WINDOW GLASS. THE Subscriber Agent of the Pennsylvania Glass Manufactory, offers for sale, at Factory price WINDOW GLASS of all sizes, wholesale and retail. Merchants will find it for their interest to

Drugs & Medicines. JUST received a new supply, which together with those before on hand, comprising a general assortment, will be sold low for cash.  
Notice IS hereby given to all who are indebted to me to call and settle their accounts without delay—thereby preventing vexations and costs necessarily attending coercive measures.  
F. F. BACKUS.  
Rochester, Dec 11, 1820. 5f

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscribers and their associates, will present a petition to the Legislature at their next meeting, for an act incorporating the village of Rochester-ville, and of School District No. 4 in the town of Brighton, into a Lancasterian School Society.  
NATHAN L. ROCHESTER, ELISHA FLY, ISAAC COLVIN.  
December 26, 1820.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers and their associates will present a petition to the Legislature of the State of New-York, at their next meeting, for a law to erect north part of Genesee county, to include the towns of Gates, Parma, Clarkson, Murray, Gaines, Rideway, Shelby, Barra, Sweden, Ogden, Riga and Bergen, into a new county.  
HIEL BROCKWAY, ABEL BALDWIN, SYLVESTER ALVORD.  
Nov. 24th, 1820.

1821—LAST CALL. THE subscribers hereby give notice to all persons indebted to them, that unless they make payment before the first day of February next, they will positively be sued, without discrimination. As the times are hard, they hope and trust that debtors concerned will attend to this call and save Cost.  
LEAVITT & HILL.  
Rochester, Jan. 9th, 1821.

DISSOLUTION. THE Co-partnership heretofore existing between Isaiah J. Hudson Charles Manly & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All those indebted, must make immediate payment to the said Hudson or Manly.  
Victor, January 9, 1821. 6w.

An Apprentice. A Boy of good character may find a situation in this Office. Dec. 11

ALMANACKS For the Year 1821. For sale at this Office.



**NATIONAL PREJUDICE.**

Mr. Printer—The following lines were occasioned by a fact, which actually happened, where the scene is laid, & is so characteristic of John Bull and Brother Jonathan, that you may perhaps consider the truth and humour of the subject worth publicity.—*Republican Ad.*

**A TRUE STORY.**

On the plains of New-Jersey, one hot summer's day,  
Two Englishmen snug in a stage-coach were vap'ring,  
A Yankee who happened to travel that way,  
Took a seat along side, and sat wond'ring and gaping.  
Chuck full of importance (like every true Briton,  
Who knows British stars far outshine our poor Luna)  
These cockneys found nothing their optics could hit on,  
But what was insipid, or miserably puny.  
Compared with the English, our horses were colts,  
Our oxen were goats—and a sheep put a lamb;  
And the people! (poor blockheads) such pitiful dolts!  
Mere Hottentot children, contrasted with them  
Just then a black cloud in the west was ascending:  
The lightning flashed frequent, with horrible glare,  
While near, and more near, a fierce tempest portending,  
The thunder rebelled along the rent air.  
An oak, by the way, Jove's bolt made a dash on,  
With a peal that knock'd horses and cockney's all flat:  
There hang you! cries Jonathan, quite in a passion,  
Have you got better THUNDER in England than that?

**JUST LIKE LOVE.**

(By Cameons.)

Just like love is yonder rose,  
Haven'tly fragrance round it throws;  
Yet tears its dewy leaves,  
And in the midst of briars it blows,  
Just like love.  
Pall'd to bloom upon the breast,  
Since rough thorns the stem invest,  
They must be gather'd with the rest,  
And with it to the heart he press'd,  
Just like love.  
And when rude hands the twin buds sever,  
They die and they shall blossom never!  
Yet the thorns be sharp as ever,  
Yet the thorns be sharp as ever,  
Just like love.  
The following elegant effusion is extracted from a Dublin Monthly Magazine.  
**GERALDINE.**  
The moon was bright, and calm the night,  
And sweetly smil'd the lovely scene;  
But deep the sigh, and wild the eye,  
And sad the heart of Geraldine.  
She sought the hill, where low and still,  
In deathly sleep the vanquish'd lay;  
She rent her hair in wild despair,  
She could not weep, she dared not pray.  
Her's were the tongue had wildly sung,  
Of Erin's wrongs and Erin's woes;  
Her's was the hand did belt the brand,  
When Conno for his country rose.  
With valor vain, the patriot train,  
Braving the Saxon thunder stood;  
And desperate fray, deform'd the day,  
And night's dark veil was stain'd with blood.  
Fierce was the strife for death or life—  
Their hands were strong, their hearts were brave;  
Till every gleam of freedom's dream,  
Was buried in their leader's grave.  
The distant scene, bright and serene,  
Was slumbering in the moonlight ray;  
And near the mould, where pale and cold,  
In blood and darkness Conner lay.  
A sterner thro' of frantic woe,  
Thrill'd in the mourner's tortur'd breast;  
"Erin, (she cried) for thee he died,  
On thee, on thee, his blood shall rest.  
"Though bath'd in gore he breathes no more,  
In light and rest I see the smile—  
With hated fierce, a daughter's curse,  
Pursue and crush thee, thankless isle!  
"Hark! from above, I hear my love—  
I feel his glance of angry flame!  
He hears me dare, in impious prayer,  
To breathe his country's sacred name.  
"Yet dear land and patriot hand,  
Dear the green hills he lov'd so well;  
Unstain'd and bright as heavenly light,

The sacred cause for which he fell.

"As well this breast, that lov'd him best,  
Might breathe a curse o'er Connor's grave,  
And raise the prayer of wild despair,  
Against the land he died to save.  
"Death joins the ties that death destroys,  
And Connor's fate shall yet be mine"  
The orient ray of early day,  
Rose on the Grave of Geraldine.  
MARY.

[From the Dedham Register.]

**FEMALE PENSIONER.**

We were much gratified to learn that during the sitting of the Court in this town the past week, Mrs. Gannet, of Sharron in this county, presented for renewal, her claims for services rendered her country as a soldier in the revolutionary army. The following brief sketch, it is presumed, will not be uninteresting. This extraordinary woman is now in the 62d year of her age: she possesses a clear understanding, and a general knowledge of passing events; fluent in speech, and delivers her sentiments in correct language, with deliberate and measured accent; easy is her deportment, affable in her manners, robust and masculine in her appearance. She was about eighteen years of age when our revolutionary struggle commenced. The patriotic sentiments which inspired the heroes of those days and urged them on to battle, found their way to a female bosom. The news of the carnage which had taken place on the plains of Lexington had reached her dwelling, the sound of cannon at the battle of Bunker hill, had vibrated on her eyes; yet, instead of diminishing her ardor, it only served to increase her enthusiasm in the sacred cause of liberty, in which cause she beheld her country engaged. She privately quitted her peaceful home and the habiliments of her sex, and appeared at the head quarters of the American army as a young man, anxious to his efforts to those of his countrymen in their endeavors to oppose the inroads and encroachments of the common enemy. She was received and enrolled in the army by the name of Robert Shurliffe. For the space of three years she performed the duties and endured the hardships and fatigues of a soldier; during which time she gained the confidence of her officers by her expertness and precision in the manual exercise, and by her exemplary conduct. She was a volunteer in several hazardous enterprises, & was twice wounded by musket balls. So well did she contrive to conceal her sex, that her companions in arms had not the least suspicion that the "blooming soldier" fighting by their sides was a female; till at length a severe wound, which she received in battle, and which had well nigh closed her earthly campaign, occasioned the discovery. On her recovery she quitted the army, and became intimate in the families of General Washington and other distinguished officers of the revolution. A few years afterwards she was married to her present husband, and is now the mother of several children. Of these facts there can be no doubt. There are many living witnesses in this country who recognized her on her appearance of the court, and were ready to attest to her services.

**LADY MARY WORTLEY MONTAGUE.**

Lady Mary was one of the most singular persons in the world; and her eccentricities, to use no harsher term,—have been the subject of much remark and not unfrequently of censure. Some facts in relation to her, &

which have not been heretofore generally known, have become public through the medium of "Spence's Anecdotes of Books and Men" a work published during the last year, and reviewed in the last numbers of the Lansingburgh and Quarterly Reviews. Lady Mary speaks to Spence as follows:

"It was from the customs of the Turks that I first thought of a septennial bill for the benefit of married persons, and of the advantages that might arise from our wives having no portions."  
On this Spence observes "That Lady's little treatise upon these two subjects is very prettily written and has very uncommon arguments in it. She is very strenuous for both these tenets. That every married person should have the liberty of declaring, every seventh year, whether they choose to continue to live together in that state another 7 years or not; and she also argues, that if women had nothing but their own good qualities to recommend them, it would make them more virtuous, and their husbands more happy, than in the present marketing way among us. She seems very earnest and serious on the subject, and wishes the legislature would take it under consideration, and regulate those two points by their system."

A gentleman sat down to write a deed, and began with "Know one woman by these presents"—"You are wrong," says a by-stander, "it ought to be Know all men." "Very well," answered the other, "if one woman knows it, all men will of course."

A certain Italian having written a book upon the ART OF MAKING GOLD, dedicated it to pope, Leo X. in hopes of a good reward. His holiness finding the man constantly following him, at length gave him a large empty purse, saying, "Sir, since you know how to make gold, you can have no need of any thing but a purse to put it in."

**JAW CRACKERS.**

There are a set of persons who continually ransack the dictionary to puzzle their friends and pass for men of learning, by using obsolete words and technical terms, which they frequently misapply to the exposure of themselves and the diversion of their hearers.

One of these word grubbers was informed by a friend that a certain gentleman had fallen from his horse, and received a severe "blow" in his "stomach," which it was thought would cause a "gathering."—This valuable piece of news he immediately carried to the barber's shop, with a very unnecessary alteration of language; for this dealer of hard words said that the squire, in the fall, had received a "contusion" in his "abdominal" parts, and 'twas thought it would occasion an "abscess." Friend Razor was not long possessed of the learned information, before a customer came to be shaved. The towel was scarcely tucked under his chin, and my friend Razor employed in beating up the lather, when the useful question of—what news? was asked.—"News," says Razor, "wy aint you heard the news about the squire?" "No," answered the other. "Not?" said Razor in surprise; "why he fell from his horse yesterday, and received such a "confusion" in his "abominable" parts, that 'tis tho't 'twill occasion his "absence."

CASH paid for RAGS at this Office.

**List of Letters**

Remaining in the Post-Office, Rochester N. Y. 31st Dec. 1820.

- |                     |                    |
|---------------------|--------------------|
| Henry Adams,        | Jeduthom Adams,    |
| Bel R. Alden,       | Fred. W. Atwater,  |
| Clement Bliss,      | Talcott Brown,     |
| Daniel Budd,        | James Bates,       |
| Daniel A. Bloody,   | Riley Barnes,      |
| Joseph Bullock,     | Clark Baker,       |
| Joseph Brininstood, | William Billings,  |
| Terry Burns,        | John Bingham,      |
| Drusilla Castle,    | Anna Colby,        |
| Harriet Cook,       | William Cook,      |
| Lyman Cook,         | Jarad Carter,      |
| Charles Clayton,    | Benjamin Cole,     |
| Mathew Dimic,       |                    |
| Zoeth Eldridge,     | Aaron Estay,       |
| William Ellis,      |                    |
| Patrick Flann,      | Alven S. French,   |
| Abraham Filkins,    | Jacob Fowle,       |
| Moses Fish,         |                    |
| Lyman Granger,      | Mary Glover,       |
| Lavinia Gilbert,    | Samuel Gelston,    |
| John Gumaer,        |                    |
| Enos P. Hubbard,    | R. & H. L. Hall,   |
| Reuben Becox,       | Jonathan Higgins,  |
| Lyman Hawley,       | Charles Hartford,  |
| Harrah M. Hall,     |                    |
| Thomas Jameson,     | William Jameson,   |
| James Johnson,      | James Johnson,     |
| Pamela Kniffin,     |                    |
| Lyman Loomis,       | Timothy H. Lewis,  |
| Seymour Lewis,      | Aaron Lay,         |
| Sylvanus Lathrop,   |                    |
| Jesse Moore,        | Charles Magne,     |
| Daniel Morgan,      | Leavitt Mouson,    |
| Jonathan Metcalf,   | Edward Money,      |
| Joseph P. Neelham,  | Oliver Noble,      |
| McMannus Patt,      | Fullam Perry,      |
| Seth Pope,          | R. W. Patterson,   |
| Daniel Peterson,    | William Porter,    |
| James Patterson,    |                    |
| John Rogers,        | David Reynolds,    |
| Levi Reynolds,      |                    |
| Elias Streter,      | H. H. Schoonmaker, |
| Jacob See,          | Elsew Swisey,      |
| Elon Sterns,        | Ira Sperry,        |
| William Stanburgh,  | Ira Stowel,        |
| Levey Stevens,      | Ira Sunderlin,     |
| Cyrus Smith,        | Joseph Spencer,    |
| Ansel Tathil,       | Lovade Tisdale,    |
| Lovel Thomas,       | George Thomas,     |
| Polly Thomson,      | Daniel Thurstin,   |
| Ira G. Upson,       |                    |
| Jonathan Watrous,   | Peletiah West,     |
| Ephraim Whitney,    | Jesse Wolcott,     |
| David Wager,        | Mrs. Webster,      |
| Jesse Wilson,       | Rebecca Williams,  |
| Susannah Warren,    |                    |
| Jeremiah York,      |                    |

Persons calling for the above letters will please say they are advertised, as they are kept separate from other letters.  
A. REYNOLDS, P. M.

**LETTERS**

Remaining in the Post Office at Clyde Jan'y. 1st 1821.

- |                    |               |
|--------------------|---------------|
| Jonathan J. Green, | Elisha Inman, |
| Mary Colville,     |               |
- E. B. STRONG, P. M.

**NOTICE.**

THE Subscribers and their associates give notice that they will petition the Legislature at their next session to erect a new County from parts of Niagara and Genesee counties, comprising the following towns and part of a town to wit. The towns of Porter, Lewiston, Niagara, Cambria, Wilson, Hartland & Royalton, in the County of Niagara, and the towns of Ridgeway, Shelby, Barrie Gaines, Murray, and all that part of Sweden, that lies west of the west Triangular line in the county of Genesee.

- |                      |
|----------------------|
| SAMUEL B. MOREHOUSE, |
| DANIEL WASHBURN,     |
| SAMUEL MAPES,        |
| BENJAMIN BARLOW, Jr. |
| JOSEPH JUDSON,       |
| OTIS TURNER,         |
| ALMON H. MILLARD,    |
| THEODORE H. CHAPIN,  |
| DEXTER P. SPRAGUE,   |
| ISRAEL MURDOCK,      |
| JOHN LEWIS,          |
| COMFORT JOY.         |
- Dated Dec. 23, 1820.

**HAT STORE.**



**WM HAYWOOD,**

RESPECTFULLY INFORMS his friends and the public, that he carries on the Hatting business in this village one door, south of Messrs. Abm. Plumb & Co's Store where he will keep on hand a good assortment of well finished Hats, warranted equal in style and quality, to any manufactured in this state.

He flatters himself that by industry and attention to business, he shall merit and receive a share of public patronage.  
CASH paid for all kinds of Hatting

**Lansingburgh Academy.**

The public are informed that this Seminary will be open the second day of January next, on a system which has been recently tested by experience, and which is believed to unite the most valuable principle in the theory of education, with the most solid improvement in the art. This improvement con-

sists in a more thorough SEPARATION of the Teachers' departments, and a more perfect classification of the students. The Trustees, aided by a generous subscription, and prompted by the conviction that a good Academy is more easily supported than a poor one, have erected in the same vicinity two large and commodious buildings to be occupied as a Classical and Commercial Academy. Besides the classical and commercial chambers, there is a chapel-hall, equal to the accommodation of all the Students in weekly and quarterly exercises. The Students will be arranged, for the departments, in two classes, according to the ultimate design of their education, but may be transferred from one department to another, according to their immediate requirements.

The Classical School is to consist of Students in the Latin Greek and English Classics, including such English Studies only as are auxiliary to the classical course. The Commercial School is to comprise all other Students who are pursuing English studies, or qualifying themselves for the mercantile or any other professional business. Hence this department is not limited to the mere studies of a Common English Academy, but is extended to the higher branches of a polite commercial education, including political economy and the elements of law.

By thus enlarging the Institution, and procuring a permanent professor in the English department, the Trustees have only given expression to the sense of the whole community, as to the paramount importance of elevating the standard of English education; for it is to be lamented, that the most essential parts of a mercantile education, generally remain to be acquired, by young gentlemen, after entering into business.

The professors are well qualified, by education and experience, for the duties of their stations, and will be aided by the Trustees, in arranging the studies and conducting the examinations. Measures will be taken to maintain an efficient and uniform discipline, and students will receive attention to their manners, morals, and religious principles, as well as to their progress in science and literature.

It is needless to suggest to the Public, that the village of Lansingburgh, for local advantages, for natural scenery, for easy communication by land and water, and above all, for the salubrity of its air, and the health of its inhabitants, may challenge a comparison with any other village in this state or the United States.

**RATES OF TUITION.**

For the Latin & Greek Classics, and the common studies in Colleges, including History, Philosophy, Chemistry, Geometry, Navigation & Surveying, Political Economy, & the Elements of Law, (per quarter,) \$5.  
For the common Academic Studies, comprising Grammar, Rhetoric, Geography, Penmanship, Arithmetic, and Book-keeping, \$1 50.  
Reading, Writing, common arithmetic, Murray's Grammar abridged, and Cumming's small Geography, \$3 00.  
Board may be had, in respectable families, from \$1 75 to \$2 per week.  
By order of the Trustees,  
Samuel Blatchford, Pro<sup>o</sup>.