important Practical, Scientific and other Subjects inti-
with appropriate Engravings, than any other journal,—
various departments, and earnestly labors to render
unique and beautiful in Appearance. Its Conductor
not only loyal, but who have too much intelli-
bus, Ohio. "No difficulty!" "We take issue
these, that the loyalty of your representatives in
late o' nights. No sir, that adjective of com-
gauntlet of a political canvass. They will not
in them,
one. It requires a man of great practical
into such a position by the all-powerful
integritv. Politics has become a profession.
abstractions in which they have been hidden by
country will be rescued from the thraldom of
try—should know these truths—the length and
TIIK RcitAb NEW-YOEKER is designed to be unsur-
Suitor Department of Sheep Husbandry.
who could doubt, with
was so conclusive and overwhelming that it
degree.

tourist as a man of influence, to the highest
settlement, the editor of the
ill as being unsurpassed in the

TWO DOLLARS A YEAR.

Progress and Improvement.

SINGLE NO. FIVE CENT.

Progress and Improvement, 1864.

Economical system of Sheep Husbandry prac-
\text{ticed in the United States. We have here, in the
morning, a pack of a hundred chosen hounds, cheered on
peaks, taking their spring often not over three or
apart for high cultivation in green crops and
season for their numerous lambs—the common
part of the lips being covered with scabs
that the mouths of his sheep are sore, "some very
wishes a farther expla-
ShepTierd.
He does not understand the proper notches

Central Library of Rochester and Monroe County · Historic Newspapers Collection
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Which are the most promising of the new and the
that they will sweat after having been in the
cellar sometime. But we make it a business to
prove a valuable market variety. It promises
Penn, Clapp's Favorite, Auguste de Maraise,
there is an excess of moisture.
and productive, so far as tested. I think it will
barrels. We do not put them in pine boxes.
— in excellent condition. If we have but a few,
– in excellent condition. If we have but a few,
we put them in whitewood boxes instead of
hardhiood.
them in the cellar as we do winter apples, and
kept very fine. I picked off all the good fair
three weeks. It is from two to three times as
large as the Seckel. I sent a barrel of them to
three weeks. It is from two to three times as
large as the Seckel. I sent a barrel of them to
Auguste de Maraise, three weeks later I found those left
and they

KELLOGG—It is a good pear with

CHARLES—It is a good pear

FRUIT CBOWEBS' SOCIETY OF WESTERN NEW YORK.

KEEPING PEARS.

down the Vernal Equinox, 6 inches long, of an intense
yellow, with a golden bloom. The fruit is always of fair
quality.

FRUIT OOECHARD EXPERIENCE.

DOWNING—It is equally as good with me

M. L. R. — One cupful of molasses; one

FRIED CAKES WITHOUT EGGS.—One cup

REMARKS.—Will not the Miss or Madam who

REMARKS.—Will not the Miss or Madam who

KITCHEN CONVENIENCES.

NORTH WIND, AND LENTERS.

FOGGE—For the past ten years I have

FRUIT OF THE SOUTHERN STATES.

CARPAGES CHANGES—Mr. W. H. S. Barrons, of

H. E. HOOKER—Will not Mr. ELLWANGER

FRUIT ORCHARD EXPERIENCE.

FRUIT ORCHARD EXPERIENCE.

H. E. HOOKER—Will not Mr. ELLWANGER

FRUIT ORCHARD EXPERIENCE.

FRUIT ORCHARD EXPERIENCE.
MY NEIGHBOR.

"Let his Neighbor live," we say; "if a man will not work, let him not eat." I have a neighbor who does not work; he will not eat.

He lives near me, and he is young; and I have met him often, and talked with him often, and I have seen him work little, and I have seen him eat much; and now I know him not; and I have no wish to know him.

He is a neighbor to me; and it is my duty to love him; but I do not love him.

And I think that it is not the duty of the government to love him; for I have heard that it is not the duty of the government to love any man, unless he work.

I have tried to love him; I have tried to love him so much that I have given him many things; and I have tried to love him so much that I have done many things for him; and I have tried to love him so much that I have helped him to do many things.

But I have found that I could not love him; and I have found that I could not love him so much as I ought to love him.

And I think that it is not the duty of the government to love him; for I have heard that it is not the duty of the government to love any man, unless he work.

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The Reviewer.

A PARK IN HAVANA, CUBA.

February 20th, 1864.

The Rev. W. F. W. Wells.

The Rev. W. F. W. Wells, in his article on the Cuban Parks, in the Eclectic Journal, states that the city of Havana has an extensive system of public promenades. In his article, he describes the different parks and gardens in Havana, and emphasizes the importance of these green spaces in providing a respite from the bustling city life.

Wells begins his article by describing the Parque Central, which is the largest park in Havana. He notes that the park is a popular destination for citizens, who come to relax and enjoy the beautiful scenery. He also mentions the Parque de la Fraternidad, which is a smaller park located in the center of the city. Wells describes how the park is a favorite spot for children to play and for families to have picnics.

In his article, Wells also discusses the Parque de la Envigado, which is a large public square in the city center. He notes that the square is a popular gathering place for citizens, who come to enjoy the street performers and musicians that perform there.

Wells concludes his article by emphasizing the importance of these public spaces in providing a sense of community and a place for citizens to gather and enjoy the outdoors. He suggests that cities should prioritize the creation and maintenance of such green spaces to improve the quality of life for their residents.

THE REVIEWER.

W. F. W. WELLS.

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The Army in Virginia.

The train on the Baltimore & Ohio R. R., and the boat from Alexandria, arrived here on the 9th, in about an hour after midnight. The troops disembarked in a few hours after arrival, and has been busily engaged in furnishing the men with clothing and also in installing the new army by the constitution of Gen. Butler's hand. On the 10th, under Gen. Fremont, consisting of three brigades of infantry, two regiments of cavalry, the 28th and 70th, with horses, with supplies, arrived at Alexandria, Va., and Gen. Smith and staff acted on the 11th for the purpose of preparing for the advance of Gen. Lee's forces. Fremont was ordered to pursue the enemy's forces into the Shenandoah Valley, at the head of a small force of cavalry and two companies of infantry. The formation of Gen. Fremont is to be expected, according to the report of Gen. Fremont and staff on the 3d, for the purpose of executing the plan of Gen. Fremont, and the formation of Gen. Fremont is to be expected, according to the report of Gen. Fremont and staff on the third day. The army has been divided into three divisions, and one of them was brought by Gen. Fremont and staff to the city of Alexandria, on the 3d.

The Army on the York.

The army on the York is in the hands of Gen. Butler, who has been despatched from this city by Gen. Fremont, and has been so far successful as to prevent the enemy from advancing. The troops have been brought by Gen. Butler to the city of Alexandria, on the 3d, and have been furnished with clothing and supplies.

The Army in the South.

The army in the South is in the hands of Gen. Banks, who has been despatched from this city by Gen. Butler, and has been furnished with clothing and supplies. The troops have been brought by Gen. Banks to the city of Alexandria, on the 3d, and have been furnished with clothing and supplies.

The Army in the West.

The army in the West is in the hands of Gen. Banks, who has been despatched from this city by Gen. Butler, and has been furnished with clothing and supplies. The troops have been brought by Gen. Banks to the city of Alexandria, on the 3d, and have been furnished with clothing and supplies.

The Army in the North.

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The Army in the East.

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The Army in the Middle.

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The Army in the South.

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The Army in the North.

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The Army in the South.

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Help the Amenta.—All who wish well to the Rural New Yorker Office, are requested to help it along by forming clubs or aiding in other ways. For some weeks, unless specially directed, we shall publish only a small number of columns. Last winter and spring thousands were sent from U for some weeks, unless specially directed.


The sales of the wool markets last week were not so active as usual. The prices of Columbia and New Zealand wools, both in China and in America, ranger from 85 to 98 cents. The price of East India wools was from 85 to 98 cents. The price of the best Australian wools was from 90 to 95 cents. The price of the best New Zealand wools was from 90 to 95 cents.

Wheat Markets, New York.

The price of winter wheat was from 85 to 98 cents. The price of spring wheat was from 90 to 95 cents. The price of flour was from 4 to 5 dollars per bushel. The price of feed corn was from 4 to 5 dollars per bushel. The price of seed corn was from 6 to 7 dollars per bushel.


The market for provisions was very active last week. The price of hams was from 8 to 10 dollars per 100 lbs. The price of bacon was from 6 to 7 dollars per 100 lbs. The price of cheese was from 8 to 10 dollars per 100 lbs. The price of flour was from 2 to 3 dollars per bushel. The price of meal was from 2 to 3 dollars per bushel.


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In a great cause; the block may soak their gore; they but augment the deep and sweeping thoughts that fill the air. In a great cause, the block may soak their gore; they but augment the deep and sweeping thoughts that fill the air.

A day or two after, Bill dragged me stumbling through the streets of the city, getting things put away; and then a week beforehand, getting ready for it, and for a week after, cleaning out on a back-alley, ever since; and Aunt Zeruab, who has fixed her throne up in our bed-room, and is always kept everything in their houses so that you can't reason with the whole of your wife's set and system of house-keeping women...