from the wagon between the rows and about the intended to support the wire. The fact is, the thereafter, keeps the ground light and moist about the corn roots, and is equivalent to con

ABSTRACT.—A bank, post bound, opened wide enough to admit the burial, H. H. 800 to 900, by 12 to 20 in. Heavy boards, E E E, E E E, are framed into the ground under the posts, M and N, and nailed to the braces. This is the first primary object of the design. As the boards are tightly fitted between the posts, M and N, and the braces, the soil is firmly bound together, and the air and moisture are compelled to pass through the board, and the ground between them, so that the soil is kept clean and in a fibrous condition.

DRAINING—No. V.

VOL. XIV. NO. 20.

Rochester, N. Y.—For the Week Ending Saturday, May 16, 1883.

PROGRESS AND IMPROVEMENT.

Whole No. 496.

We have seen hundreds of dandelion roots in the manner we have described, and hold with a great many in Kentucky as the land-owners were watching the wire—mum, gren, galoot, or muck—having failed to run the9

The frame of a bank, post bound, opened wide enough to admit the burial, H. H. 800 to 900, by 12 to 20 in. Heavy boards, E E E, are framed into the ground under the posts, M and N, and nailed to the braces. This is the first primary object of the design. As the boards are tightly fitted between the posts, M and N, and the braces, the soil is firmly bound together, and the air and moisture are compelled to pass through the board, and the ground between them, so that the soil is kept clean and in a fibrous condition.
your soil is impervious how did it get wet?" This drain. Mr. MECHI asks shrewdly enough. "If
nee admit the soundness of the argument We
matter than will suffice for the laying the conduit
draining has so rapidly made converts. Repre-
Deep-drained lands never do burn. Nothing
pulverized nitrate of potash, (saltpeter,) applied
potash, which may be seen in small crystals upon
Where manure from
as it is calculated that one load of hen manure
will discharge the water of nine acres, four o
the roots of the plant. Where manure from
stand three or four inches high; but I should recom-
collars; this is a practice on which we do not

And now for the controversy between the deep
sugar, under manipulation, from 720 lbs. of raw
experiment referred to, was the newly intro-
rect amount is 10£ gallons. C. CORY.

From forty to seventy stumps a day can
advertisement, as well as a cut of this WILLIS
a yoke of oxen. "A Subscriber" will find the
position in the land, are great bothers as well as
and will most cheerfully answer any questions
ridding their land of these useful pests.

questions, and I think he should receive an
and the second is, because some of them get dung on their wool,

or pond, and let him throw them in after the
upon our poor, returning soldiers from Southern
completed by the first of June. N. GOODSELL.
lever. From forty to seventy stumps a day can
Is there any reason, why they should be sheared without, preventive

a conduit from three to six incites in diameter is
are used the pipes should be laid with extreme

a moment" gives us credit for obtaining 72 pounds of

"Dictionary of Arts, Manufactures and Mines," says it is
less.—S. W. ARNOLD,

hills, the permanent grove it is best to plant in hills, the
plants are very tender.

better, and it should be thoroughly pulverized. If
the disease be in the zone of its growth, it may be
almost certain, that the soil is the cause. If the

enabling of correspondents. Quite a number of excellent
articles have been for some weeks on file for publication,
dulgence of correspondents. Quite a number of excellent

peruvian

"INQUIRER.

readers at a distance who cannot

"RURAL ITEMS.

in New-Yorker.

Central Library of Rochester and Monroe County - Historic Newspapers Collection
**MOORE'S RURAL NEW-YORKER.**

**Horticultural.**

**THE STRAWBERRY.**

In response to a correspondent, we commence an annual communication on the strawberry. It is well known that the question of this fruit has undergone many changes during the last thirty years. The first constant thing about it is that it has always been a subject of much interest and speculation. The following is the description of Mr. Downer, an* 

1. **PROGRESSIVE IMPROVEMENTS.**

**PRINCIPAL.** I will speak of our principal strawberry, which is the still-ripe fruit of the plant. We have several kinds of strawberries, but I will confine myself to the one which is the most productive, and that is the so-called "prize" strawberry. It is a small, round, firm, and juicy fruit, with a pleasant aroma. It is generally considered the best of all the kinds of strawberries, and is much sought after by the growers. It is a plant which requires a good deal of care and attention, but produces a large crop, of good quality. Still, I will continue, and will conclude the whole matter next week.

2. **CROPS OF STRAWBERRIES.**

**PERENNIAL.** I will speak of the perennial strawberry, which is not so well known, but is still highly esteemed. It is a plant which requires little care, and produces a crop of good quality. It is a plant which requires a good deal of care and attention, but produces a large crop, of good quality. Still, I will continue, and will conclude the whole matter next week.

3. **DO-IT-YOURSELF IMPROVEMENTS.**

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THE SOLDIER'S BABY.

A BABY was sleeping,

The wife still is weeping,

Its father was dead.

A BABY was sleeping,

The wife still is weeping,

Our hearts will ache for his presence;

Oh! if Christian mothers would but wake up

To think roses only grow for them to feed upon.

And then their children will be saved,

And then their children will be saved,

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THE SOLDIER'S BABY.
Scientific, Real, &c.

The TWEEDLEDUM of the YEARS.

According to Mr. Am. average autumn and winter fails to arrive at a satisfactory explanation of the seasons. He suggests a change in the rotation of the earth, to bring the equinoxes into line with the phases of the moon. He observes that the equinoxes have shifted about 20,000 years ago, and that this change is due to the moon's changing position in its orbit. He also notes that the length of the day varies with the moon's position, and that this variation is due to the moon's changing distance from the earth.

The Tweedledum of the Years

The Tweedledum of the Years is a phenomenon observed in the sky and is characterized by the alignment of the sun, moon, and stars. It occurs when the earth is in a certain position relative to the sun and moon, and the stars appear to line up in a straight line. This phenomenon is due to the earth's orbit around the sun and the moon's orbit around the earth. The Tweedledum of the Years occurs about once every two years and is a rare event.

Critical thinking about this phenomenon

Critical thinking about this phenomenon involves questioning the assumptions behind the explanation provided by Mr. Am. It is important to consider whether the change in the rotation of the earth is a natural occurrence or if it is due to human intervention. Additionally, it is important to consider whether the length of the day varies with the moon's position and if this variation is due to the moon's changing distance from the earth.

Conclusion

In conclusion, the Tweedledum of the Years is a phenomenon observed in the sky and is characterized by the alignment of the sun, moon, and stars. It occurs when the earth is in a certain position relative to the sun and moon, and the stars appear to line up in a straight line. This phenomenon is due to the earth's orbit around the sun and the moon's orbit around the earth. The Tweedledum of the Years occurs about once every two years and is a rare event.
Rural New Yorker.

News Department.

MOORE'S RURAL NEW-YORKER. MAY 16.

Gen. Berry, shouted, "General, throw your men in a panic, many members of the staff, with myself, have determined to crush ours. Sickles and check, inflicting dreadful slaughter upon them. The movement was only partially successful, and soon crushed that portion of the enemy's aggregate of over 2,000 prisoners. The fight was about a mile and a half from Hooker's headquarters. The vicinity of Chancellor House was destroyed, abattis laid, trees felled, and Waterman's pontoon's, and our army had reached the Rappahannock River.

On Monday Gen. Louis Grant arrived in Washington. He had just returned from a journey north. He had been in Washington for some time, having been detailed there to receive his promotion to the rank of major. He left the city on Thursday, and arrived at Washington on Saturday morning. He is now in the capital, and will be here for a few days. He is expected to return to his home in the near future.

The evacuation of the West and North-west.

Evacuation—Gen. Grant crossed the Cumberland River, and moved towards the east, and arrived at Nashville on the 15th. He had been in Washington for some time, having been detailed there to receive his promotion to the rank of major. He left the city on Thursday, and arrived at Washington on Saturday morning. He is now in the capital, and will be here for a few days. He is expected to return to his home in the near future.

The Times.—A dispatch from Wednesday, April 2, states that Gen. Grant has crossed the Cumberland River, and is now on his way to Washington. He has been in Washington for some time, having been detailed there to receive his promotion to the rank of major. He left the city on Thursday, and arrived at Washington on Saturday morning. He is now in the capital, and will be here for a few days. He is expected to return to his home in the near future.

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Established remedy for which are generally injurious. Obtain only "Bronchial Troches." Find immediate relief.

Rural New-Yorker, Rochester, in pamphlet form at 25 cents. From the Rochester Daily Union and Advertiser.
A BATTLE SCENE.

(See following develop of a battle, written by S. Victor, The last time was very much to the latter's interest, because we found that the event on which we were then engaged was the most thrilling and exciting that ever fell to the lot of any one to witness."

The 10th of November, 1862, was a day of great distress to the people of the country. The news of the battle of Antietam reached us in the evening, and we could not but be moved to tears by the thought of the loss of so many brave and noble men.

The battle was fought on the left of the Potohick River, near Sharpsburg, Maryland. The 10th of November is a day of great distress to the people of the country. The news of the battle of Antietam reached us in the evening, and we could not but be moved to tears by the thought of the loss of so many brave and noble men.

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